

Lecture 29

14.7. Triple Integrals in Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinates

- Goals:** (1) Write and evaluate a triple integral in cylindrical coordinates.
 (2) Write and evaluate a triple integral in spherical coordinates.

Questions:

- What are the conversion equations for cylindrical coordinates?

$$\begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \\ z = z \end{cases}$$
- What are the conversion equations for spherical coordinates?

$$\begin{cases} x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta \\ y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta \\ z = \rho \cos \phi \end{cases}$$

14.7.1. Triple integrals in cylindrical coordinates

Note: $dV = r dz dr d\theta$ for cylindrical coordinates. See Figure 14.63 (p. 1038)

(1) r -simple case:

If Q is a r -simple, then

$$\begin{aligned} \iiint_Q f(x, y, z) dV \\ = \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} \int_{g_1(\theta)}^{g_2(\theta)} \int_{h_1(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)}^{h_2(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z) r dz dr d\theta \end{aligned}$$

(2) θ -simple case:

If Q is a θ -simple, then

$$\begin{aligned} \iiint_Q f(x, y, z) dV \\ = \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \int_{g_1(r)}^{g_2(r)} \int_{h_1(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)}^{h_2(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z) r dz d\theta dr \end{aligned}$$

(3) Example 1: finding volume by cylindrical coordinates (p. 1039)

Try exercises 1-3, 9-10, 17-22

(4) Example 2: finding mass by cylindrical coordinates (p. 1040)

Try exercises 23-24

- (5) Example 3: finding moment of inertia by cylindrical coordinates (p. 1040)
Try exercises 29-30, 31-32

14.7.2. Triple integrals in spherical coordinates

Note: $dV = \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$ for spherical coordinates. See Figure 14.68 (p. 1041)

- (1) A spherical block case:

If Q is a spherical block determined by

$\{(\rho, \theta, \phi): \rho_1 \leq \rho \leq \rho_2, \theta_1 \leq \theta \leq \theta_2, \phi_1 \leq \phi \leq \phi_2\}$. Then

$$\begin{aligned} & \iiint_Q f(x, y, z) dV \\ &= \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} \int_{\phi_1}^{\phi_2} \int_{\rho_1}^{\rho_2} f(\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta, \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta, \rho \cos \phi) \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta \end{aligned}$$

- (2) Example 4: finding volume in spherical coordinates (p. 1042)

Try exercises 4-6, 11-12, 33-36

- (3) Example 5: finding the center of mass (p. 1042)

Try exercises 39-40.

14.7.3. Homework Set #29

- Read 14.7 (pages 1038-1042).
- Do exercises on pages 1043-1044:
1, 3, 5, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 33, 37