

Exam 1 Review

Note: This is not a complete list of topics – you should study your lecture notes and homework in addition to reviewing the items listed here.

1. vocabulary

- a. set
- b. elements
- c. roster form
- d. set-builder notation
- e. subset
- f. union
- g. intersection

2. important sets

- a. $\mathbb{R} = \{x \mid x \text{ is a point on the number line} \}$
- b. $\emptyset = \{ \} = \text{empty set (or null set)}$
- c. $N = \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$
- d. $W = \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$
- e. $I = \{\dots - 3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$
- f. $Q = \left\{ \frac{p}{q} \mid p, q \in I \text{ and } q \neq 0 \right\}$
- g. $H = \{x \mid x \text{ is a real number that is not a rational number} \}$

3. absolute value

a. $|a| = \begin{cases} a, & a \geq 0 \\ -a, & a < 0 \end{cases}$

4. radicals and roots

5. order of operations (PEMDAS)

6. exponent rules

- a. $a^0 = 1, \quad a \neq 0$
- b. $a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}, \quad a \neq 0$
- c. $a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$
- d. $(a^m)^n = a^{n \cdot m}$
- e. $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}, \quad a \neq 0$
- f. $(ab)^n = a^n b^n$
- g. $\left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}, \quad b \neq 0$

7. scientific notation: $a \times 10^n, 1 \leq a < 10, n \text{ an integer}$